



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

SPK

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/922,227	08/02/2001	Erkki Ruoslahti	P-LJ 4859	7275
7590	04/28/2004		EXAMINER	
CAMPBELL & FLORES LLP 4370 LA JOLLA VILLAGE DRIVE 7TH FLOOR SAN DIEGO, CA 92122			PRIEBE, SCOTT DAVID	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1632	

DATE MAILED: 04/28/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/622,227			

[REDACTED] EXAMINER

[REDACTED] ART UNIT [REDACTED] PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED:

INTERVIEW SUMMARY

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

(1) Scott D. Priebe (3) Dr. Erkki Ruoslahti
(2) Cathryn Campbell (4) _____

Date of interview 4/20/04

Type: Telephonic Personal (copy is given to applicant applicant's representative).

Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: Yes No If yes, brief description: _____

Agreement was reached. was not reached.

Claim(s) discussed: All in general

Identification of prior art discussed: none

Description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments:

Discussed draft R.132 declaration, and the sufficiency of the evidence presented to overcome the enablement rejection. Also, discussed amending claims 8+16 to correct new matter.

(A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments, if available, which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments which would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.)

1. It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate record of the substance of the interview.

Unless the paragraph above has been checked to indicate to the contrary. A FORMAL WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THE LAST OFFICE ACTION IS NOT WAIVED AND MUST INCLUDE THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP Section 713.04). If a response to the last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS INTERVIEW DATE TO FILE A STATEMENT OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW.

2. Since the Examiner's interview summary above (including any attachments) reflects a complete response to each of the objections, rejections and requirements that may be present in the last Office action, and since the claims are now allowable, this completed form is considered to fulfill the response requirements of the last Office action. Applicant is not relieved from providing a separate record of the interview unless box 1 above is also checked.

Examiner Note: You must sign this form unless it is an attachment to another form.

McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY
 4370 La Jolla Village Drive
 Seventh Floor
 San Diego, CA 92122
 858-535-9001

Main Facsimile No. 858-597-1585
 Facsimile Operator No. 858-643-1400

UNOFFICIAL**FACSIMILE**

Date: April 16, 2004 **Time Sent:**

TO:

Name	Company	Facsimile No.	Contact No.
Examiner Scott Priebe	U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	(571) 273-0733	(571) 272-0733

FROM: Andrea L. Gashler **Direct Phone:** (858) 643-1450

E-Mail: agashler@mwe.com

Sent By: Cris Johnson **Direct Phone:** (858) 643-1427

Client/Matter/Tkpr: 66654-669 (P-LJ 4859) **Original Follow by Mail:** No
Number of Pages, Including Cover: 14

Re: United States Patent Application No.: 09/922,227
Entitled: METHODS OF IDENTIFYING MOLECULES THAT HOME TO A SELECTED ORGAN IN VIVO
Inventors: Ruoslahti and Pasqualini
Filed: August 2, 2001

MESSAGE:

Examiner Priebe:

Attached please find a draft Rule 132 Declaration relating to the above-identified case for your consideration and for discussion with Cathryn Campbell and Dr. Ruoslahti in the interview at 2 p.m. on April 20, 2004.

The information contained in this facsimile message is legally privileged and confidential information intended only for the use of the individual or entity named above. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, or copy of this facsimile is strictly prohibited. If you have received this facsimile in error, please notify us immediately by telephone and return the original message to us at the above address by mail. Thank you.

**IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PAGES, PLEASE CALL
 OUR RECEPTIONIST AT 858-535-9001 AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.**

PATENT

Client-Matter No.: 66654-669
(P-LJ 4859)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of) Confirmation No:
)
)
)
 Ruoslahti and Pasqualini) Group Art Unit:
)
)
)
 Serial No.: 09/922,227) Examiner: S. Priebe
)
)
 Filed: August 2, 2001)
)
)
 For: METHODS OF)
 IDENTIFYING MOLECULES THAT)
 HOME TO A SELECTED ORGAN)
 IN VIVO)
)

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. §1.132

Sir:

I, Erkki Ruoslahti, declare as follows:

- 1) I am the Erkki Ruoslahti who is named as a co-inventor of the above-identified patent application.

- 2) I understand that the claims of the subject application stand rejected, in part, on the basis that one skilled in the art allegedly would not have been able to identify homing molecules by *in vivo* panning with untagged libraries of molecules at the time the priority application was filed.

Inventors: Ruoslahti and Pasqualini
Serial No.: 09/922,227
Filed: August 2, 2001
Page 2

3) I believe that in 1995, at the time the priority application for the above-identified application was filed, an ordinary scientist using the teachings of the specification would have been able to use untagged libraries such as peptide and small molecule libraries in the claimed *in vivo* panning methods to recover and identify molecules that selectively home to a selected organ or tissue.

4) Corroboration of identification of homing molecules using an untagged small molecule library in accordance with the teachings of the patent specification is provided herein in paragraphs 5 to 11, which describe identification of homing molecules from a library of 75 random small molecules. The random library was injected into the circulation of mice; selected organs (brain, liver, lung and kidney) were harvested in organic solvent to precipitate proteins, and molecules from the library were subsequently identified in the soluble phase using mass spectrometry.

5) In particular, 75 organic compounds were randomly selected from a 420,000-member library from ChemBridge (San Diego, CA). There was high structural diversity among the 75 organic compounds, and the masses of the compounds differed from each other by at least 4 Da. The library was resuspended in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), with each individual compound at a final concentration of 1.33 mM. The 75 ChemBridge compounds and their masses are shown in Table 1.

6) To identify homing molecules, two-month-old female BALB/c mice were anesthetized with avertin. Mice were injected intravenously in the tail-vein with 25 μ l of library

Inventors: Ruoslahti and Pasqualini
Serial No.: 09/922,227
Filed: August 2, 2001
Page 3

(33 nmols per compound). After ten minutes of circulation, the lungs, liver, kidney, and brain were harvested and washed with phosphate-buffered saline (PBS). Each organ was mixed with 5 ml acetone and homogenized with a Handishear hand-held homogenizer (Virtis; Gardener, NY). In some cases, 250 pmol to 2.5 nmol of control compound (ChemBridge 5116670, molar mass of 340 Da) was added as a reference for quantification of the amount of homing compound in target organs. Organ/acetone homogenates were transferred to 15 ml centrifuge tubes and incubated at -80°C for 12 hours for protein precipitation. Following centrifugation at 3,000 x g for 30 minutes at 4°C, supernatants were recovered and dried in a SpeedVac. A set of organ extracts prepared from mice injected with 25 µl of DMSO without library compounds served as an internal control for the experiment.

7) Dried organ extracts were resuspended in 100 µl methanol, vortexed for about 10 to 20 minutes and centrifuged in order to pellet debris. Supernatants were recovered, further diluted 1:20 in methanol and 20 µl of the diluted sample analyzed on a Waters® Micromass® LCT mass spectrometer (Milford, MA) at The Scripps Research Institute (La Jolla, CA). Samples were chromatographed in a mobile phase of 90% methanol/9% water and 1% acetonitrile.

8) In order to identify molecules that localized to a particular organ, peaks were identified which were differentially observed in organ extracts from library-injected mice but not in organ extracts from control, DMSO-treated mice. Figures 1A (kidney), 1B (liver), 1C (lung) and 1D (brain) show the results of initial screening experiments in which the

Inventors: Ruoslahti and Pasqualini
Serial No.: 09/922,227
Filed: August 2, 2001
Page 4

library (upper panel) or DMSO alone (lower panel) was injected into mice. Some extraneous oscillatory signals (patterns of peaks in a regular pattern) were observed in the DMSO samples.

9) The peaks of interest were compared to the known masses of the 75 individual ChemBridge compounds in the library shown in Table 1 to tentatively identify ten molecules which appeared to accumulate in at least one selected organ. Based on HPLC and mass spectrometric results giving an observed spectral peak at about m/z 432 in kidney extracts (Figure 1A), a first homing molecule was identified as compound 5862461, with a known mass of 432.07 g (see Table 1). Similarly, based on an observed spectral peak at about m/z 500 in kidney extracts, a second homing molecule was identified as compound 6074428, with a known mass of 500.01 g. A third homing molecule, with an observed spectral peak at about m/z 298 in liver extract and at about m/z 300 in lung extract, was identified as compound 5343617 with a known mass of 300.08 g. Seven additional molecules were also tentatively identified based on spectral peaks which were differentially present organ extracts from library-injected mice as compared to control mice.

10) When tested individually for their ability to home to selected organs, compounds 5862461 and 6074428 were found to accumulate in the kidney and did not localize to any other tissue (Figures 2A and B, respectively). Furthermore, when injected individually, compound 5343617 localized primarily to the liver and, to a lesser extent, to the lung and kidney as shown in Figure 2C. The spectral patterns of two of these compounds, 5862461 and 5343617, were particularly distinct

Inventors: Ruoslahti and Pasqualini
Serial No.: 09/922,227
Filed: August 2, 2001
Page 5

because these compounds contain bromine, which exists as two abundant natural isotopes and results in a characteristic two mass unit split in the spectral peak (see Figure 2A, inset). As expected, extracts from organs of control mice injected with DMSO alone did not match the spectral pattern of the homing compounds.

11) Of the other 7 compounds tentatively identified by their spectral peaks, three homed to three of the four selected organs, and the remaining compounds accumulated non-specifically or were not detected when analyzed individually.

12) These results demonstrate that untagged small molecule libraries can be screened by *in vivo* panning and that the homing molecules can be identified using techniques routine in the art at the time the priority application was filed.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that any such willful false statement may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: _____

By: _____
Erkki Ruoslahti

Table 1

ChemBridge Compound number	Mass (g)	ChemBridge Compound number	Mass (g)	ChemBridge Compound number	Mass (g)
5343617	300.08	5578637	404.02	7583971	508.01
5135609	304.08	5217141	408.11	5768124	512
6098554	308.09	5300003	412	7567423	516.01
7246197	312.07	5326482	416.04	5536652	520.01
5904415	316.09	5246030	420.05	5717564	524.01
5108221	320.05	6090295	424.09	7497180	528.07
6955991	324	7384366	428.06	5671388	532
7477972	328.1	5862461	432.07	5670039	536.14
5225540	332.04	5364112	436.03	5555479	540.06
7253800	336.04	7100798	440.07	7575548	544.06
5231936	340.09	5569100	444.01	7591015	548.01
7383619	344.09	6903967	448.1	5374146	552.02
5403771	348.03	6170510	452.01	6394103	556.03
5279582	352.12	5169028	456.08	5557349	560.02
5377438	356.08	5214985	460.01	5551154	564.06
5550053	360	5216127	464	5711954	568.06
5216419	364.03	5255244	468.02	5101382	572.19
5276832	368.12	6873050	472	5227898	576.56
5155350	372.07	6987235	476.01	7609370	580.68
5809106	376	6872990	480	5710134	584.46
7257635	380.01	6875321	484.01	5751093	588.52
5225132	384.02	5130527	488.05	6968226	592.27
5380863	388.06	6987469	492.01	5743815	596.61
5116670	392.01	5348584	496	5233904	600.53
5624827	396.04	6074428	500.01		

Figure 1A

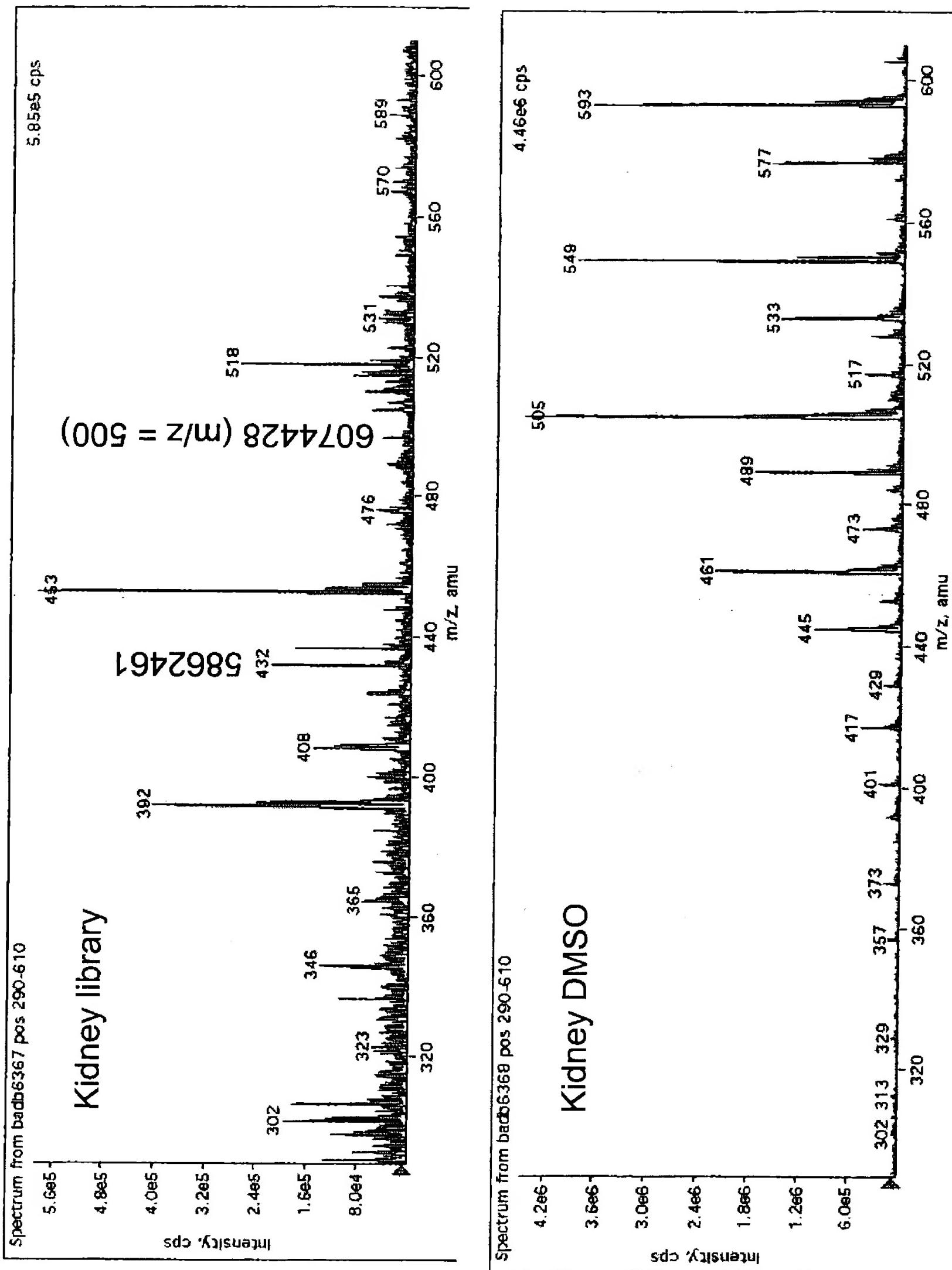


Figure 1B

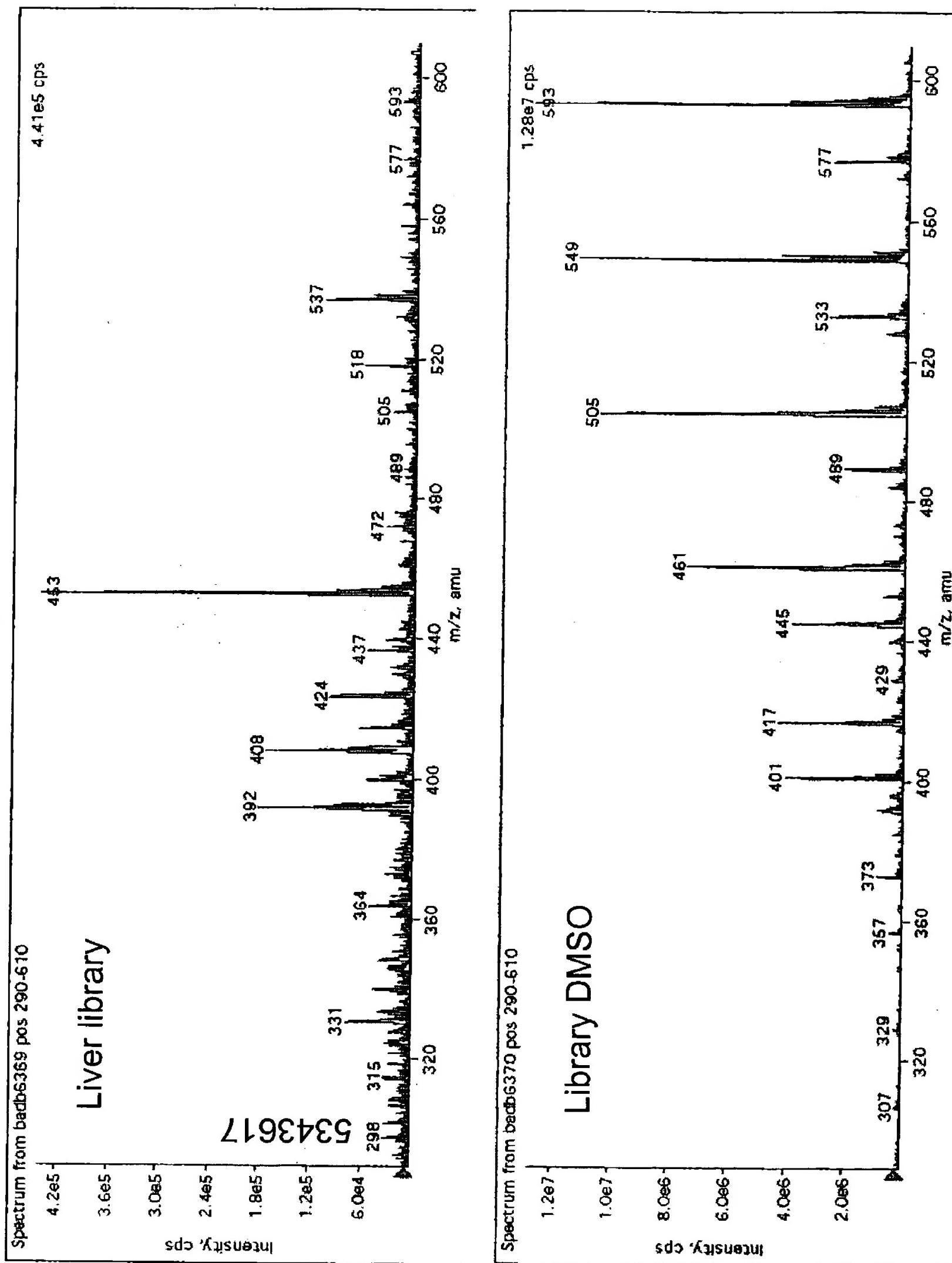


Figure 1C

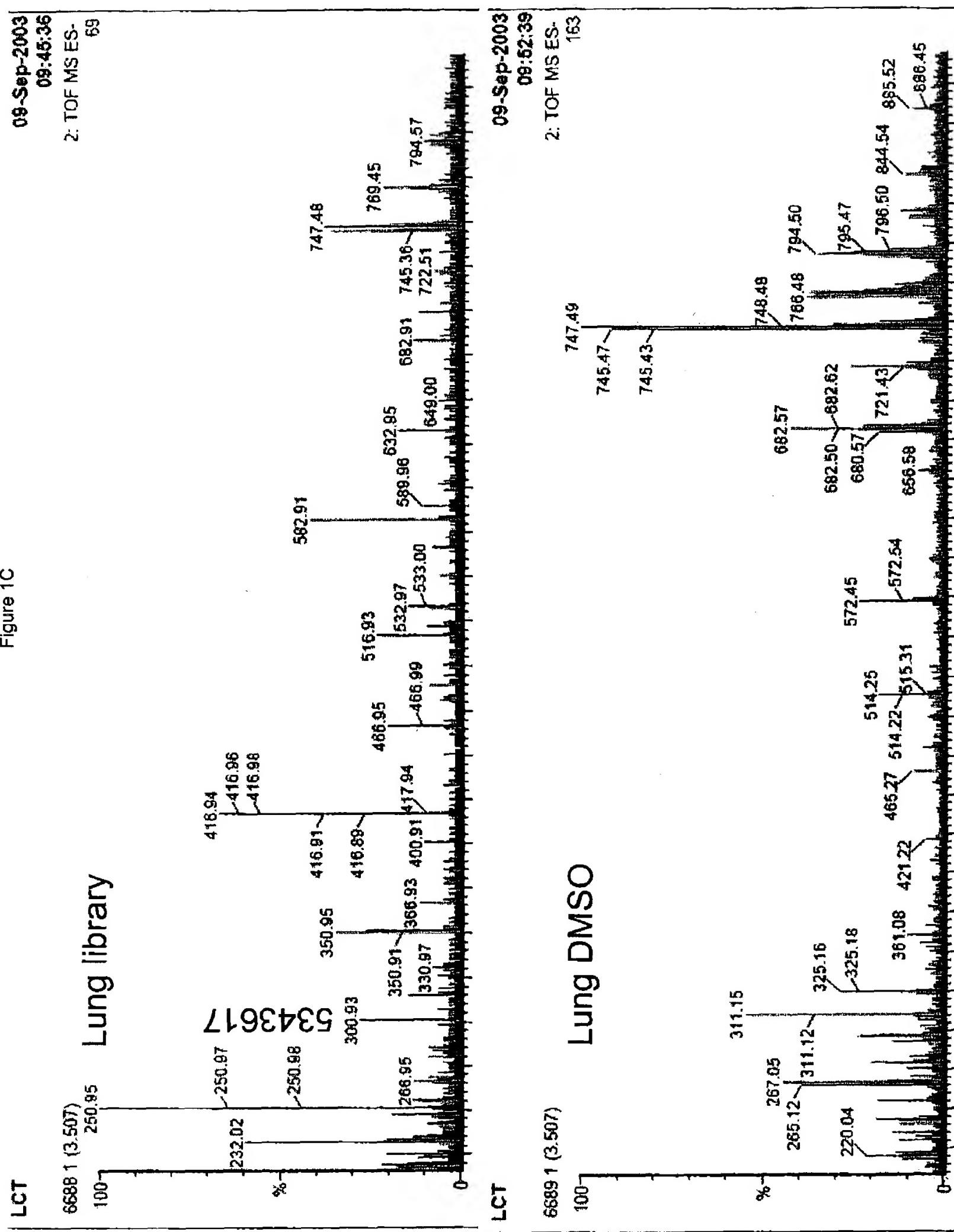


Figure 1D

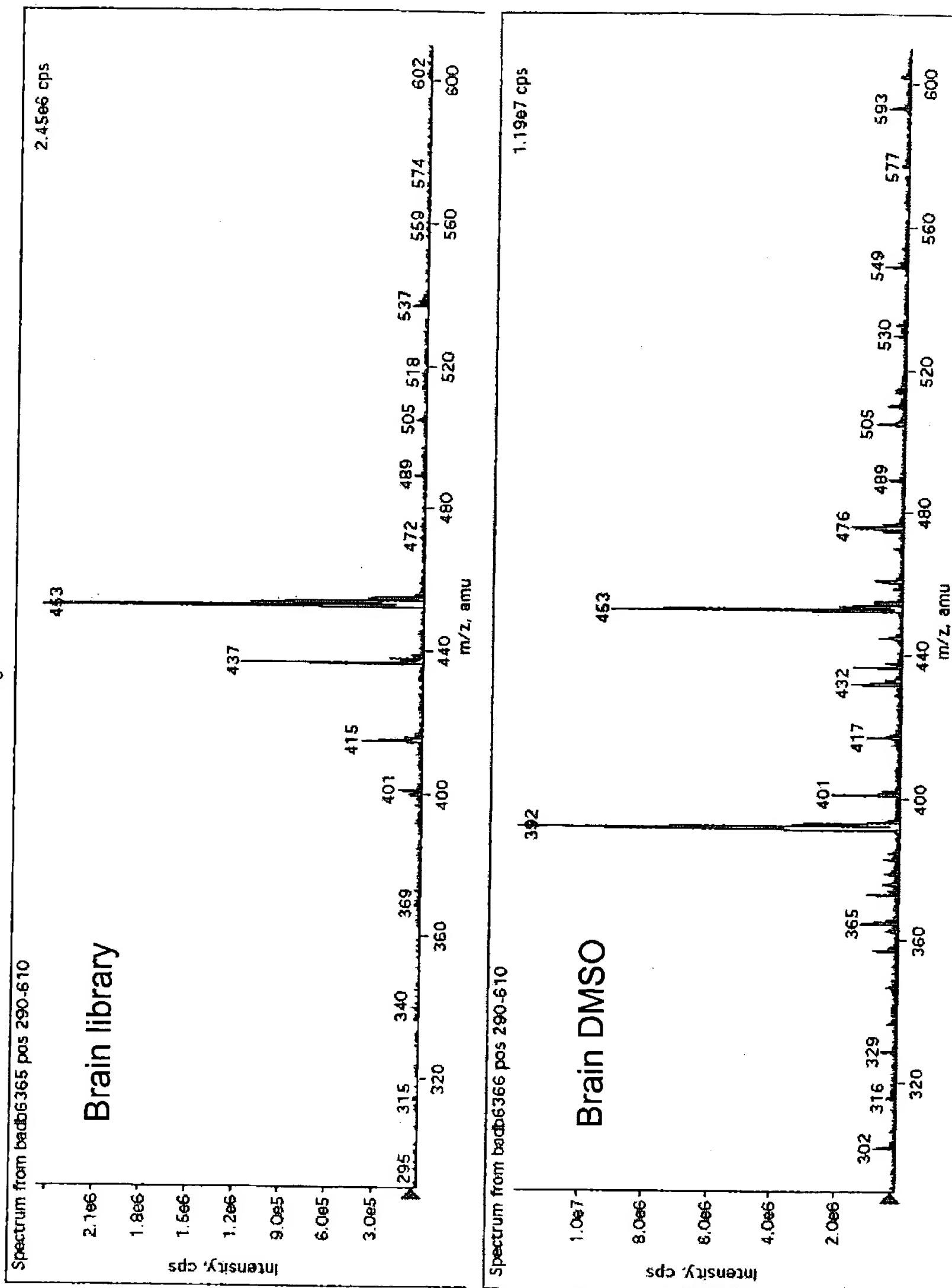


Figure 2A

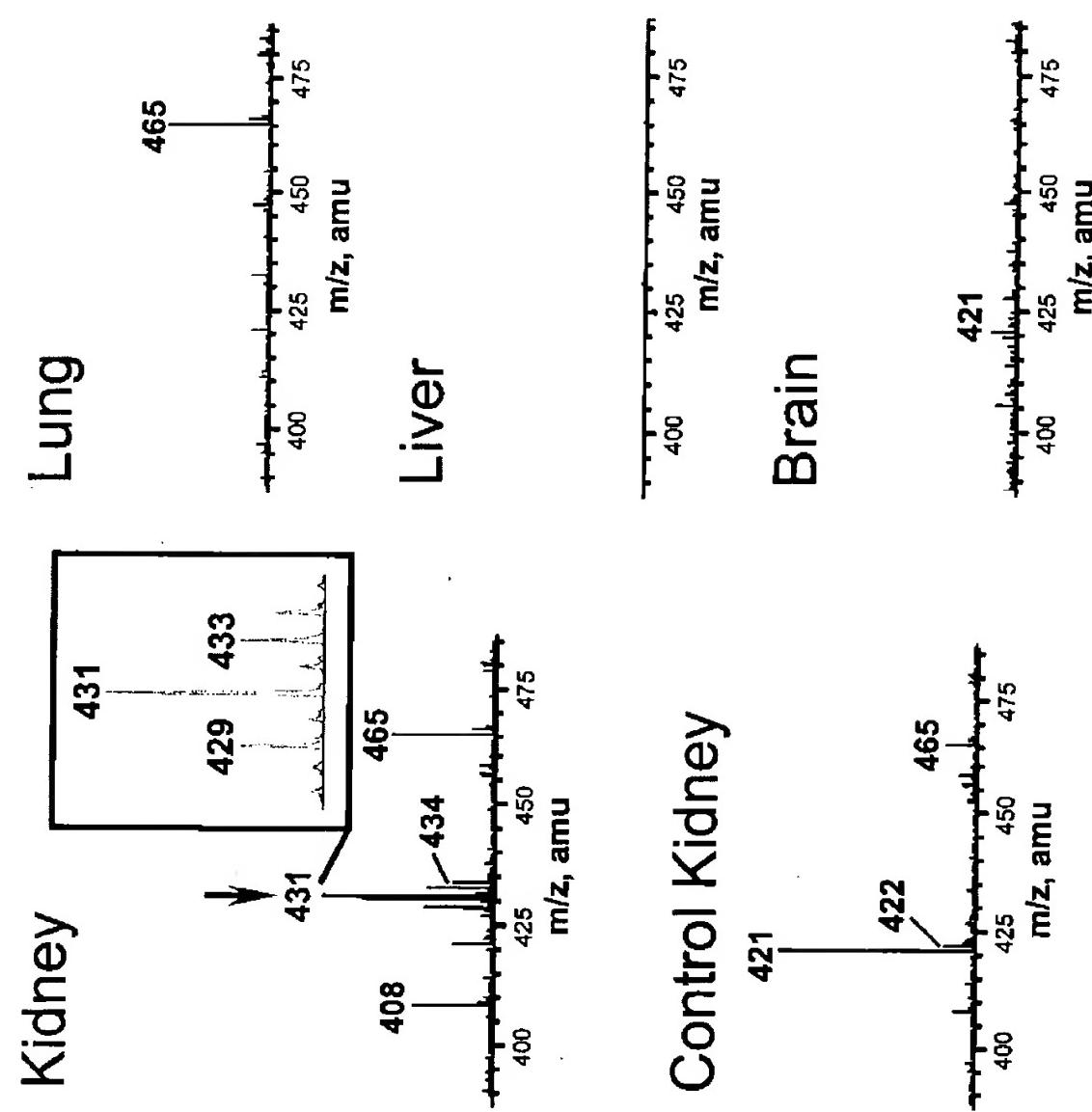


Figure 2B

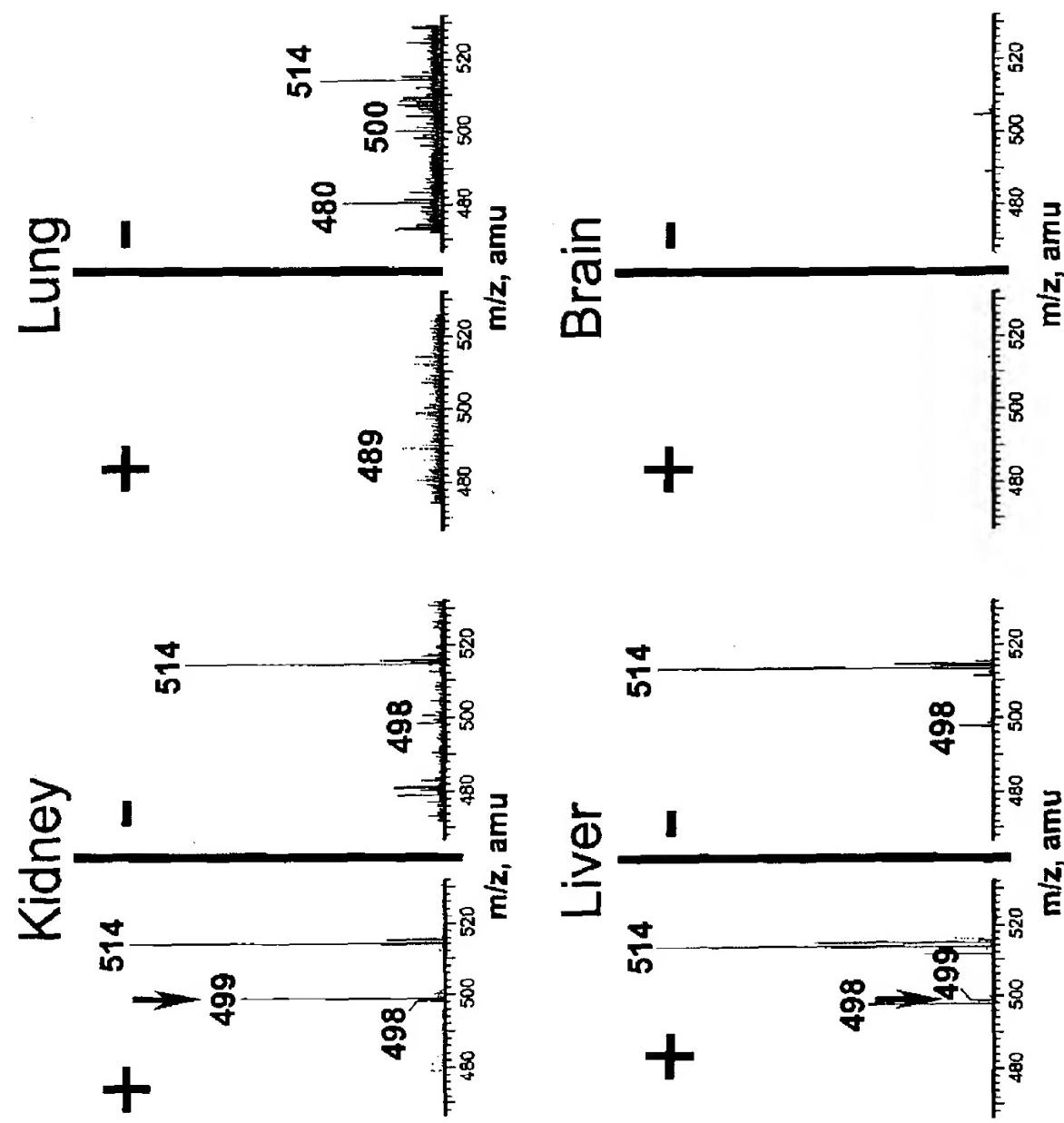


Figure 2C

